# VOROBETSKAS, V. [Voroneckas, V.] The courageous people of Lithuania. Pozh.delo 7 no.7:28 Jl 'fol. 1. Nachal'nik Upravleniya pozharnoy okhrany Litovskoy SSR, Vil'nyus.

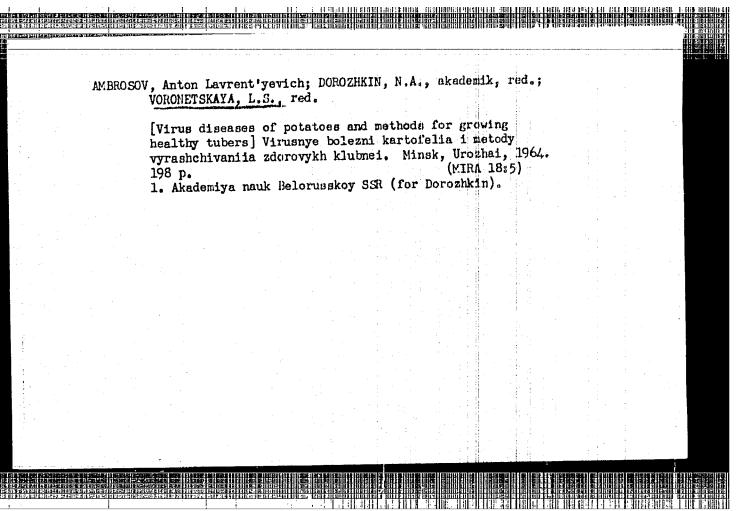
(MIRA 1614)

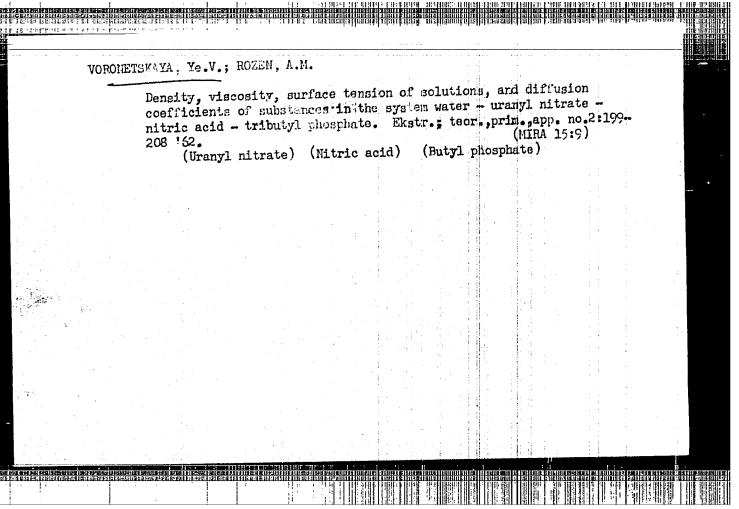
# VORONETSKAS, V. [Voroneckas, V.] Ahead of us are important tasks. Pozh. delo 9 no.4:32 Ap 163. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Machal'nik Upravleniya pozharnoy okhrany Litovskoy BSR.

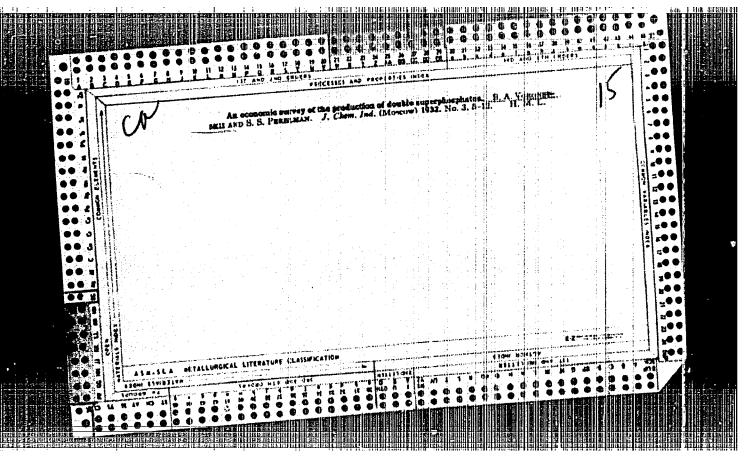
(Lithuania-Fires and fire prevention)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001





"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001860910007-9



VORONETSKIY, B. B.

"Experimental and Theoretical Investigation of the Vibration of the Etator of an Induction Motor as the Source of Magnetic Noises." Sub 29 Mar 51, Sci Hes Inst, Ministry of the Electrical Industry USSR Cand Jech Sci

Dissertations presented for science and engineering degrees in Moscow during 1951.

SO: Sum. No. 480, 9 May 55

VORONKTSKIY B P kendidat teknnicheskikh nauk.

Natural frequency of vibrations of the stator of an alternating-current motor. Vest.electroprom. 27 no.7:52-57 Jl '56. (MLRA 10:8)

1.Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Ministerstva elektrotekhnicheskoy promyshlennosti.

(Electric motors--Vibration)

VCRONGTSKIT 1 B.B.

Call Nr: AF 1154201

AUTHORS:

Voronetskiy, B. B., Kucher, E. R.

TITLE:

Magnetic Noise of Three-Phase Squirrel-Cage Induction

Motors (Magnitnyy shum trekhfaznykh asinkhronnykh

korotkozamknutykh elektrodvigateley)

PUB.DATA:

Gosudarstvennoye energeticheskoye izdatel stvo,

Moscow-Leningrad, 1957, 56 pp, 8,500 copies

ORIG. AGENCY:

None given.

EDITORS:

Astakhov, N. V.; Tech.Ed.: Fridkin, A. M.

PURPOSE:

The book is intended for engineer designers at

electrical engineering plants, and also as a textbook

for students of power engineering institutes.

Card 1/4

Call Nr: AF 1154201 Magnetic Noise of Three-Phase Squirrel-Cage Induction Motors (Cont.)

COVERAGE:

The book deals with the method of calculating the parameters on which depends the magnetic noise of threephase squirrel-cage induction motors, and with the methods of investigating the magnetic noise of a.c. motors. The Scientific Research Institute of the Ministry of Electrical Industry conducted a Beries of investigations of magnetic noise on an experimental basis. Squirrel-cage induction motors of an All-Union nationwide series were tested. On the basis of investigations of electromagnetic, mechanical and acoustical properties of these motors, formulae were derived for the calculation of parameters on which the magnetic noise depends. Experimental factors were obtained making possible calculations of the intensity of noise in these motors. Some of the formulae were suggested in 1950 by Sinel'nikov, Ye.M., Doctor of Technical Sciences, Prof., (p.13). Works of Urusov, N.D., (p.18) and Timoshenko, S.P., (p.19) are mentioned and the A031-2 type motor characteristic is presented (p.37). There are 29 references, 18 of which are USSR, 11 French, German, and English, and translations into Russian.

Card 2/4

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2.	Disturbing magnetic forces phase squirrel-cage induct:	FOIL MOCO-				·
3.	Frequency characteristics the airgap and natural frein the motor	a Lun Administra	g forces or oscill	13		
4.	Resilient properties of th	e stator		22		
5•	Deformation of the stator magnetic forces	under the impact	of	28		
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VOECNETSKIY, COE

110-9-7/23

AUTHOR: Voronetskiy, B.B., Candidate of Technical Sciences.

TITIE: Calculation of the Natural Frequency of Vibration of the Frame of a Direct-current Machine. (Raschet chastot sobstvennykh kolebaniy yarma mashin postoyannogo toka)

PERIODICAL: Vestnik Elektropromyshlennosti, 1957, Vol.28, No.9, pp. 24 + 28 (USSR).

ABSTRACT: This article is concerned with calculations of the natural frequencies of the stators of d.c. machines. Considered as a vibrating body the stator of a d.c. machine is a hollow cylinder fixed at the feet or flanges. The concentrated masses of the main and the interpoles are uniformly arranged in and firmly fixed to the inside of the cylinder. The stator is symmetrical about the three main axes and the problem of vibration can, therefore, usually be considered as a plane problem. Work carried out by Professor Nikolai at the All-Union Electrotechnical Institute (VEI) indicates that the lower part of the frame between the fixing flanges has a very high natural frequency of vibration and in calculating the natural frequencies of the stator as a whole its flexibility may be neglected. Thus, considered as an incomplete ring with firmly-fixed ends, the stator may have the three main modes of vibration sown in Fig.2. Vibrations of higher order than the fourth are negligible because of their very high frequencies. The natural frequencies of vibration of the frame are then calculated by Ritz's method,

110-9-7/23

Calculation of the Natural Frequency of Vibration of the Frame of a Direct-current Machine.

ignoring the mass of the poles. The simplifying assumptions are stated. The determination of the second and third harmonics was considered (in 1935) by Professor Nikolai but some of his formulae ware not sufficiently reliable. Equations are then given for three orders of vibration of the frame and expressions for the respective radial and tangential displacements in the form of These expressions are substituted in the formulae for the kinetic energy of the ring to obtain the maximum value of energy for each order of vibration. By quating the expressions for the respective maximum energy values, a formula is obtained for the natural frequency of a frame in the form of an incomplete ring. It is found that values of natural frequency calculated in this way (by means of eq. (6)) are somewhat higher than those determined experimentally, particularly for large machines. mass of the windings, which are not rigidly attached to the poles, and also the give of the bolts that fix the poles to the stator also have an effect but are not taken into account in the The method of allowing for the mass of the poles present work. The displacement of the poles when the frame is explained. vibrates is considered for the usual arrangement of the poles and card2/3 the general procedure is as before. The formulae derived were

Calculation of the Natural Frequency of Vibration of the Frame of a Direct-current Machine.

used to calculate the natural frequencies of the frames of machines series NH (from NH-2.5 to (NH-290) both with and without allowing for the concentrated mass of the poles and the results showed that different correction factors are required to allow for the poles in machines of different sizes. The calculations were checked against test results. The frame was set vibrating by mechanical shock and the harmonic components of these vibrations were analysed. Calculated and measured frequencies for several sizes of machines are plotted in Fig. 6 and show reasonable agreement between experiment and theory.

There are 6 figures, 1 table and 4 references, 3 of which re

ASSOCIATION: NII EP

SUBMITTED: February 12, 1957.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress.

Uard 3/3

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/3185 Moscow. Aviatsionnyy institut Nekotoryye voprosy teorii raboty aviatsionnýkh elektricheskikh mashin; sbornik statey (Some Problems in the Theory of Operation of Aircraft Electric Machines; Collection of Articles) Moscow, Oborongiz, 1959. 125 p. (Series: Its: Trudy, vyp. 110) 3,150 copies printed. Ed.: A. I. Bertinov, Professor; Ed. of Publishing House: K. I. Grigorash; Tech. Ed.: V. P. Rozhin; Managing Ed.: A. S. Zaymovskaya, Engineer. PURPOSE: This book is intended for engineering and technical workers and students taking advanced courses in electrical machine construction. The book contains several articles on the theory and design of special electrical machines, such as: three-winding, bilateral feed transformers (phase discriminator), induction motors with copper-plated ferromagnetic rotor, shielded induction Card 1/5

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**AUTHORS:** 

Aleksandrov, V.S., Voronetskiy, B.B., Portnoy, T.Z.,

and Tishchenko, N.A.

TITLE:

The present state of development of automated

electric drives

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotekhnika i energetika,

no.6, 1962, 1, abstract 6 Kl. (Vestn. elektroprom-

sti,,,no.10, 1961, 7-12).

TEXT: Diagrams are given which show the relative number of drives in various branches of the national economy of the USSR and expected developments are described. New single-armature rolling mill motors are being developed with outputs of 10000-12000 h.p. with high maximum output and good dynamic characteristics. Mercury-arc rectifiers are at present the main type of controlled rectifiers for industrial drive. It is proposed to manufacture sealed single-anode, grid-controlled mercury-arc rectifiers for anode currents of 250-350 and 500 A, including rectifiers with series connected valves and also modernised pumped mercury-arc rectifiers for currents up to Card 1/4

ADE LEGACION DE CONTROL DE CONTRO

The present state of development ... \$\frac{5}{196}\frac{62}{000}\frac{006}{011}\frac{018}{018}

1000 A per anode. New static control systems for drives types YMIT (UMP) and YM3IT (UMZP) with outputs up to 30 kW based on . magnetic amplifiers have been developed and introduced. Amplifiers of up to 80 kVA per unit have been developed. A number of new designs of automatic electric power generating sets of packaged design have been developed and investigations are being made on industrial prototype computer-controllers for automatic drives. Static systems with magnetic amplifiers have been used in the development of various drive control systems for metallurgy, mining, machine tool manufacture, paper machines, and power station auxilliaries. An automatically controlled drive has been developed in the metallurgical industry for a new automatic conveyor for charging the furnace. Automatic control has been provided for air heaters, casting machines, the furnace-top loading system and wagon weighing machines. rectifiers with a total current of about 1 million amps have been provided for non-reversing rolling mills. An ionic drive is being introduced for reversing rolling mills including the main drives of blooming and slabbing mills. Excavators Card 2/4

The present state of development ... \$/196/62/000/006/011/018

types 3 km -4 (EKG-4) have been modernised by utilizing for the main drive d.c. generators controlled by power magnetic amplifiers, which have replaced three-winding generators and increased the output of the excavators. Direct current automatic drives have been provided for diesel-electric installations type 11 43 (11DE) and have increased the output of mine winding operations by a factor of 2-2.5 as compared with other installations. Ionic rectifiers have begun to be used for mine winders; industrial prototypes have been developed and constructed for high speed reversing equipment used in conjunction with ionic drives of multi-rope winders. For machine tools there have been developed a series of d.c. drives supplied from power magnetic amplifiers of 0.6-8 kW output. Ferro-transistor programmed digital computer control of machine tools has been developed using step-by-step motors and hydraulic amplifiers. A d.c. main drive system using silicon rectifiers of 50-100 kW has been developed and partially introduced in which the rotor speed is controlled by the field flux. An automatic drive system with continuous programme control has been developed for Card 3/4

The present state of development ... \$/196/62/000/006/011/018

standard heavy horizontal milling machines, boring mills, and lathes. A number of heavy machine tools are provided with controlled ionic drives. A multi-motor drive with multi-generator supply system and contactless tachogenerators has been developed for paper machines, and has successfully passed industrial tests. An electrical drive system has been developed for a number of dry cargo ships, river icebreakers, and tugs. Future developments in drives are indicated.

[Abstractor's note: Complete translation.]

Card 4/4

\$/094/62/000/003/001/001 E194/E435

AUTHOR &

Voronetskiy B.B.; Candidate of Technical Seconds

TITLE 1

The development prospects for industrial automatical

electric drives

PERIODICAL: Promyshlennaya energetika 17 no. 3, 1962, 1 4

There are two main trends in the development of electri drives: (1) the creation of new systems of drive that use the latest achievements of science and (2) modernization of drives increase the output of existing equipment. A good example of modernization is the blooming mill of the Kuznetskiy metallurgicheskiy kombinat (Kuznetsk Metallurgical Combine) the In the drive of output of which has been raised by 41%, excavator type 3KF-4 (EKG-4), magnetic amplifiers have replaced amplidynes and the output has been raised by nearly 20%, speed of paper making machines has been increased by using The contactless a.c. tachogenerators and magnetic dontrollers. structure of capital investment in electrical drives is altering In 1960, contactless automatic equipment, primary pick ups, logical elements, transistors, mercury arc rectifiers and electro-Card 1/4

The development prospects

S/094/62/000/003/001/001 E194/E435

magnetic couplings and brakes comprised only 6.5% of the total cost; in 1980 this figure should be 30%. In the home period the machine costs should diminish from 54 to 40% and the costs of contactor and switching control equipment is to be reduced from 39.5 to 30% D.c. and a.c. driving motors of 9 to 12 MW will be Large ionic rectifier equipment will be used. developed. particularly in connection with a .c. machines having frequency These systems are already being widely used but equipment should be developed for 400 c/s for which there will be required standard series of industrial static frequency conversers based on magnetic amplifiers, saturating chokes thyratrons and power semiconductor rectifiers. The factory manufacture of complex control units will be developed. In the puriod 1963 1965, the replacement of contact type relays with contactless ones is expected to result in an annual economy of 19 million roubless and save annually about 400 tons of copper and 200 tons of steet. Work in the abovementioned fields has started but it not going feet The process of miniaturization will develop Computer development and programming is still in its early - lage a but in the Card 2/4

The development prospects

8/094/62/000/003/001/00 E194/E455

next few years such methods will be applied to automatic blocking mills, automatic blast furnaces, automatic control and protection of hydro-alternator-transformer units and to conveyor systems. The development of new automatic control systems is not yet organized satisfactorily; in some branches there is duplication whilst others are neglected. For example, mining maghinery 1often based on induction motors which are inherently of unsuitable characteristics. Drives for industrial lifting and transport equipment must be further developed. Special attention should be paid to electrical drives in the building industry, in the manufacture of building materials, in light industry and in the food industries. Coordination work has been commenced by the Gosudarstvennyy komitet Soveta Ministrov SSSR pro koordina(sil nauchno-issledovatel skikh rabot (State Committed of the Countil of Ministers of the USSR for the Coordination of Scientific This alone cannot suffice and the time is ripe Research Work) for the creation in the electrical industry of a number of resear h and design organizations which should be branches of a central organization. the Vsesoyuznyy nauchnowissledovatel skiy institut Card 3/4

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The development prospects

avtomatizirovannogo elektroprivoda (VNII Elektroprivod)

(All-Union Scientific Research Institute for Automaticon of Electrical Drive) which should be based on the TsKB of Elektroprivod VNIIEM. Both the Central Institute and the factories should be well provided with laboratories and the factories should be well provided with laboratories and the factories of prototypes.

Card 4/4

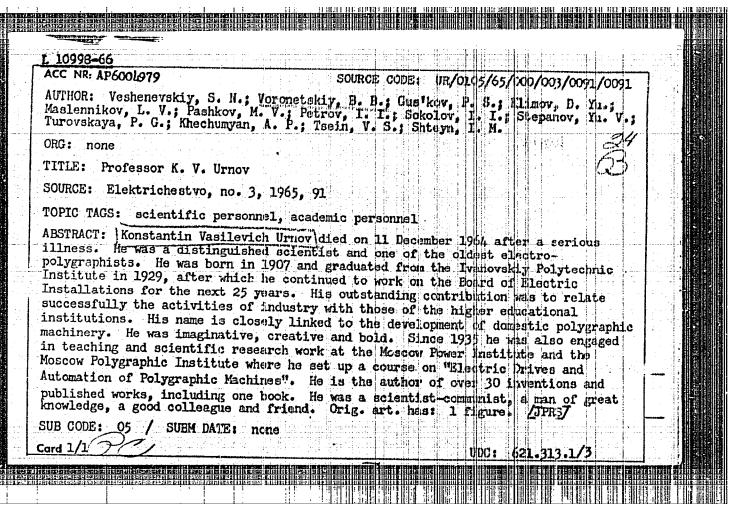
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AUTHOR: Bertinov, Gromov, V. I.; Dru	A. I.; Voronetskiy zhinin, N. N.; Kuni akov, V. G.; Silaye A.; Tulin, V. S.; F	. B. B.; Gendel'ma Eskiy, N. P.; Naum v. E. F.; Slezhano ilin, N. M.; Tseli	n, B. R.; Crabb enko, I. le.; l'e vakiv. O. V.; kov, A. I.; Ch.l	rg, V. V.; brov, I. I.; kin, M. G.;
SOURCE: Elektrick TOPIC TAGS: electropic	I. A. Tishchenko (on nestvo, no. 1, 1966, cric engineering per y Afanas'yevich Tish, after working as a sactive in the develing mills and metal electrical equipment eloping electrical onts. He has been as varied fields as eleabor. Orig. art. he	sonnel, metallurgi chenko completed to melectrician in a clopment of domest. lurgical furnace of the damaged by the cirve equipment for cive in scientificative in scientifications, equals: 1 figure. [J	c furnace, elect he Thar kov Elec i Metallurgical p ically produced e works. He was ac Jermans. After t r both domestic a work, publishing	Int from lectrical tive during he war, he and foreign ig over

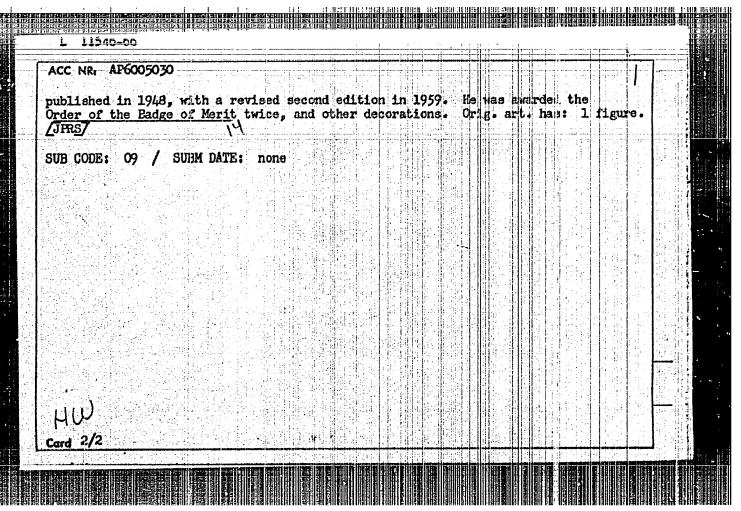
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L 22424-66 EWT(d)/EMP(r)/EWP(k)/EWP(L) UR/0105/65/000/009/0012/0015
AUTHOR: Voronetskiy, B. B. (Candidate of technical sciences; Docent; Moscow)
ORG: none
TITLE: Overall gutomation of industrial varieties of power drive
SOURCE: Elektrichestvo, no. 9, 1965, 12-15
TOPIC TAGS: automatic control system, algorithm, cybernetics, digital system,
ABSTRACT: The author discusses the problems of licouporating
employed in industry. The problems considered include: the ana-
of the pertinent algorithms: the determination of out the
criteria, and the maximum optimization of operations. By way of an example the block diagrams are presented of criteria systems
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mill. The analysis of system dynamics and synthesis of correct- ing devices are considered. The problem of the synthesis of a
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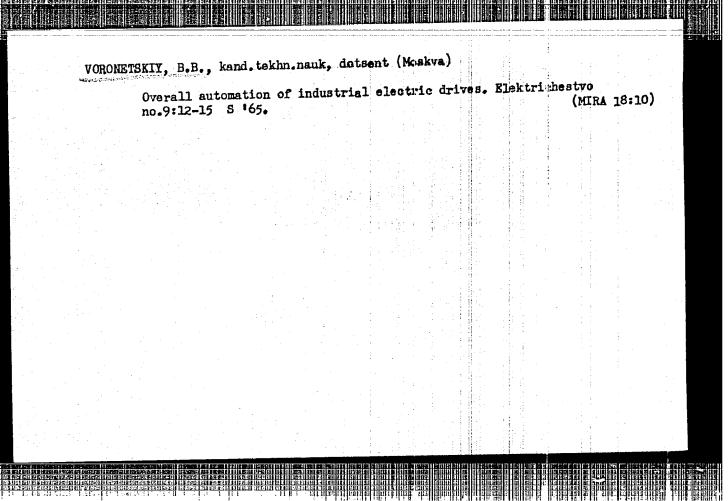
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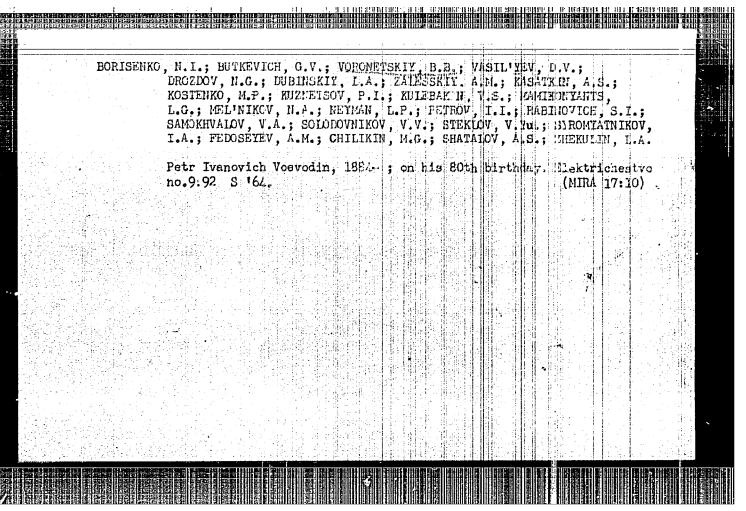
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AUTHOR: Aleksenko, G. V.; Borisanko Druzhinin, N. N.; Petroy, L. L.; Syr Chernichkin, D. S.; Chilikin, M. G.	omvatnikov, J.	shir. E. B.: G	ladi in, b. V.	1 11 11 11
ORG: none TITLE: Professor Vyacheslav Semeno	rich Tulin on hia	60th blithday	台	
SOURCE: Elektrichestvo, no. 3, 196 TOPIC TAGS: mechanical engineering	personnel, elect	"我还是生化"。		
ABSTRACT: Professor V. S. TULIN wa from the Kharkov Engineering Instit ized in the application of electric voltage apparatus and more recently	ute in 1925. Red drives for the main automation.	nas since that ining industry At the present	ir low-	
is the chairman of the Department of the Moscow Institute of Radio-Flect has made major contributions in his	r Automation and romics and Mining field: he is the automation	Rectionechuse author of 30	ics. He pull- processes	
in the mining industry; he also rec the Donets Basin development. He r and committees concerned with moder tion, also secondary and higher edu	ow participates :	n ministerial ork. insustria	councils coordina-	
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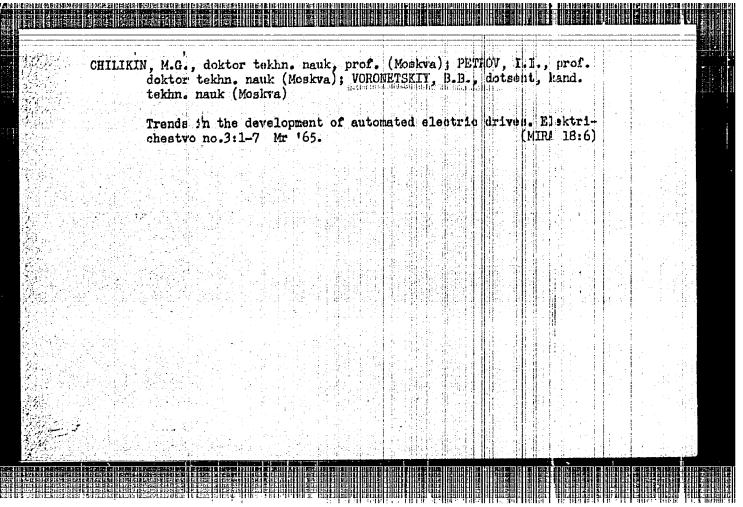


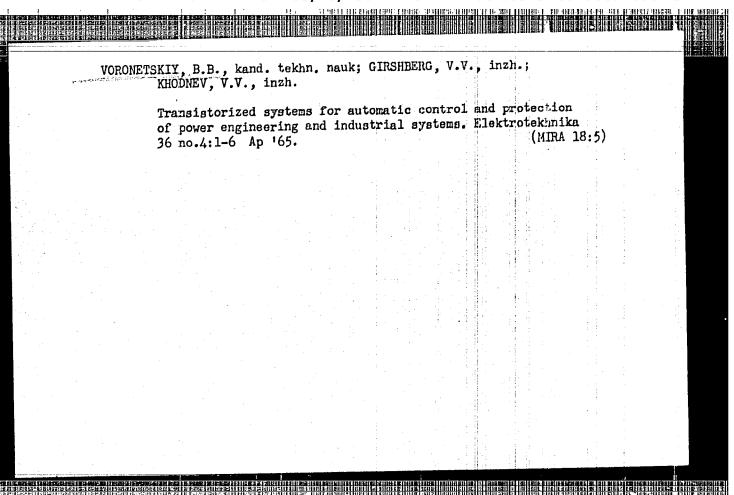
ACC NR. AP6005030  SOURCE CODE: UR/O105/65/000/01/0092/0092  AUTHOR: Basharin, A. V.; Bystrov, A. H.; Veshenevskiy, S. N.; Vot antekry, B. B.; Drozdov, N. G.; Druzainin, N. N.; Il'inskiy, N. P.; Fetrov, I. I.; Fatrov, L. E.; Sandler, A. S.; Sokolov, M. M.; Chilikin, M. G.  ORG: none  TITLE: Professor Andrey Trifonovich Colovan  SOURCE: Elektrichestvo, no. 1, 1965, 92  TOPIC TAGS: electric engineering, electric engineering personnel  ABSTRACT: A brief obituary containing the following biographical information: Deceased was a doctor of technical sciences, a professor (Department of Electrical Equipment for Industrial Enterprises) of the Moscow Fower Engineering Institute for the past 30 years, and a staff member since 1931 of the Islutinash (Central Scientific-Research Institute of Heavy Machine Building). Disad 15 Sep 64, at age 63, after a long and severe illness. In 1926, after graduating from the Leningrad Electrical Engineering Institute im. Ul'yanov, deceased became director of a substation within the Gor'kdy GRES. At the TSNIITMash, the deceased worked out the methods for computing the electric drive of presses, drop hammers and other machine tools with percussion loads. The monograph on these methods has gained wide professional recognition. Deceased trained several thousand engineers and over 30 doctors and candidates of science. He authored over 50 scientific works, including the textbook "Osnovy Elektroprivoda" (Fundamentals of Electric Drive)  Cord//2_  DDC: 621.34(063.32)	
AUTHOR: Basharin, A. V.; Bystrov, A. M.; Veshenevskiy, S. M.; Vor metskiy, B. B.; Drozdov, N. G.; Druzhinin, N. N.; Il'inskiy, N. F.; Petrov, I. I.; Fistrov, L. F.; Sandler, A. S.; Sokolov, M. M.; Chilikin, M. G.  CRG: none  TITLE: Professor Andrey Trifonovich Golovan  SOURCE: Elektrichestvo, no. 1, 1965, 92  TOPIC TAGS: electric engineering, electric engineering personnel  ABSTRACT: A brief obituary containing the following biographical information: Deceased was a doctor of technical sciences, a professor (Department of Electrical Equipment for Industrial Enterprises) of the Moscow Fower Engineering Institute for the past 30 years, and a staff member since 1931 of the Isliitiash (Central Scientific-Research Institute of Heavy Machine Building). Disd 15 Sep 64, at age 63, after a long and severe illness. In 1926, Electrical Engineering Institute im. Ul'yanov, deceased becams director of a substation within the Gor'kiy GRES. At the TSNIITMash, the deceased worked out the methods for computing the electric drive of presses, drop hammers and other machine tools with percussion loads. The monograph on these methods has gained wide professional recognition. Becased trained several thousand engineers and over 30 doctors and candidates of science. He authored over 50 scientific works, including the textbook "Osnovy Elektroprivoda" (Fundamentals of Electric Drive)	1 11546-66 EWT(d)/EWP(k)/EWP(1)
Drozdov, N. G.; Druzninin, N. N.; Il'inskiy, N. F.; Fetrov, I. I.; Fetrov, L. P.; Sandler, A. S.; Sokolov, M. M.; Chilikin, M. G.  CRG: none  TITLE: Professor Andrey Trifonovich Golovan  SOURCE: Elektrichestvo, no. 1, 1965, 92  TOPIC TAGS: electric engineering, electric engineering personnel  ABSTRACT: A brief obituary containing the following biographical information: Deceased was a doctor of technical sciences, a professor (Department of Electrical Equipment for Industrial Enterprises) of the Moscow Fower Engineering Institute for the past 30 years, and a staff member since 1931 of the Isluitmash (Central Scientific-Research Institute of Heavy Machine Building). Disd 15 Sep 64, at age 63, after a long and severe illness. In 1926, after graduating from the Leningrad Electrical Engineering Institute im. Ul'yanov, deceased becams director of a substation within the Gor'kiy GRES. At the Isluitmash, the deceased worked out the methods for computing the electric drive of presses, drop hammers and other machine tools with percussion loads. The monograph on these methods has gained wide professional recognition. Deceased trained several thousand engineers and over 30 doctors and candidates of science. He authored over 50 scientific works, including the textbook "Osnovy Elektroprivoda" (Fundamentals of Electric Drive)	ACC NR: AP6005030 SOURCE CODE: UR/01/05/65/C00/031/0092/0092
TITLE: Professor Andrey Trifonovich Golovan  SOURCE: Elektrichestvo, no. 1, 1965, 92  TOPIC TAGS: electric engineering, electric engineering personnel  ABSTRACT: A brief obituary containing the following biographical information: Deceased was a doctor of technical sciences, a professor (Department of Electrical Equipment for Industrial Enterprises) of the Moscow Fower Englineering Institute for the past 30 years, and a staff member since 1931 of the Pawliniash (Central Scientific-Research Institute of Heavy Machine Building). Disd 15 Sep 64, at age 63, after a long and severe illness. In 1926, after graduating from the Leningrad Electrical Engineering Institute im. Ul'yanov, deceased becams director of a substation within the Gor'kiy GRES. At the Tawliniash, the deceased worked out the methods for computing the electric drive of presses, drop harmers and other machine tools with percussion loads. The monograph on these methods has gained wide professional recognition. Deceased trained several thousand engineers and over 30 doctors and candidates of science. He authored over 50 scientific works, including the textbook "Osnovy Elektroprivoda" (Fundamentals of Electric Drive)	Drozdov, N. G.; Druzhinin, N. N.; Il'inskiy, N. P.; Petrov, I. I.; Petrov, L. P.; Sandler. A. S.: Sokolov. M. M.: Chilikin. M. G.
TOPIC TAGS: electric engineering, electric engineering personnel  ABSTRACT: A brief obituary containing the following biographical information: Deceased was a doctor of technical sciences, a professor (Department of Electrical Equipment for Industrial Enterprises) of the Moscow Fower Engineering Institute for the past 30 years, and a staff member since 1931 of the IsWIITMash (Central Scientific-Research Institute of Heavy Machine Building). Died 15 Sep 64, at age 63, after a long and severe illness. In 1926, after graduating from the Leningrad Electrical Engineering Institute im. Ul'yanov, deceased became director of a substation within the Gor'kiy GRES. At the IsWIITMash, the deceased worked out the methods for computing the electric drive of presses, drop hamsers and other machine tools with percussion loads. The monograph on these methods has gained wide professional recognition. Deceased trained several thousand engineers and over 30 doctors and candidates of science. He authored over 50 scientific works, including the textbook "Osnovy Elektroprivoda" (Fundamentals of Electric Drive)	ORG: none
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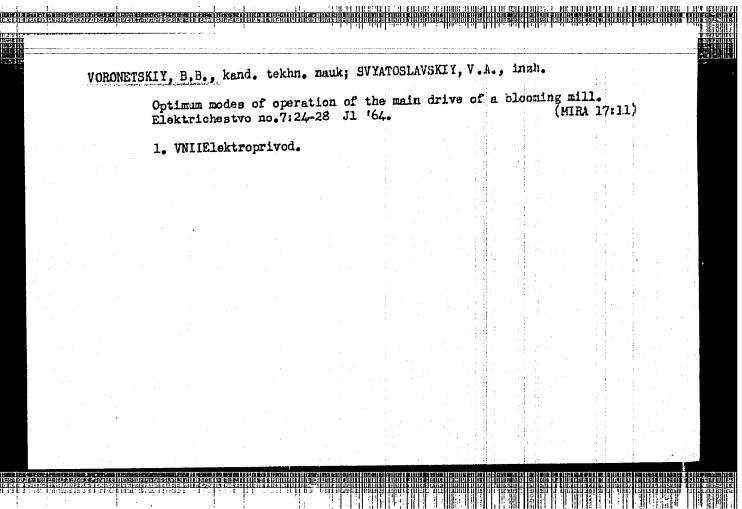


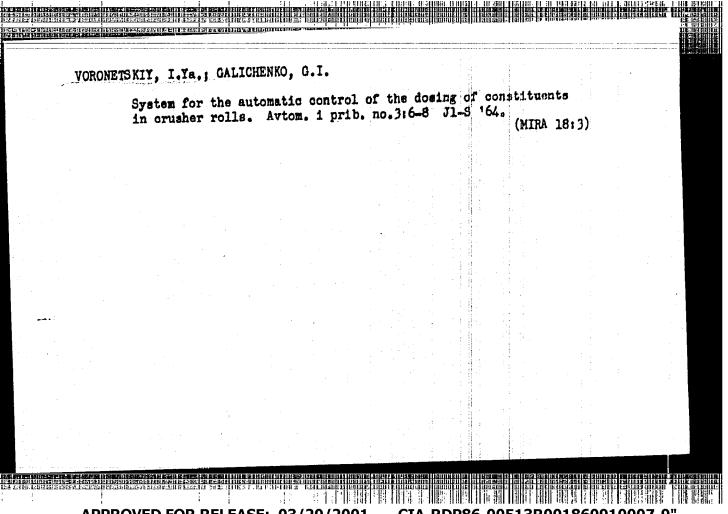












APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001

S/167/61/000/010/003/007 D053/D113

6.6000 (mid 1159)

Deryugin, N.G., and Voronetskiy, G.V.

AUTHORS:

Restoration of blanking and synchronizing pulses in the video

TITLE:

signal after magnetic recording

PERIODICAL:

Tekhnika kino i televideniya, no. 10, 1961, 38-41

TEXT: The authors describe a special device for restoring the blanking and synchronizing pulses in the composite video signal which have been reproduced from the magnetic tape. A bloc diagram of this device, which is called a pulse-shaping amplifier, is shown in Fig. 1. The peak-to-peak amplitude of the input video signal should be not less than 0.3 V and of positive polarity. The peak-to-peak amplitude of the video signal at the amplifier output is 1.5 V of positive polarity across a 75-ohm load resistance. The amplifier has 3 independent video outputs designed for operation with a 75-ohm coaxial cable and 2 sync mixture outputs with a 5-V peak-to-peak amplitude of signals across a 75-ohm load resistance. Nonuniformity of the frequency response of the amplifier video channel is ± 1 db in the 0.5 - 6 Mc bandwidth. Image resolution of the 0249 test pattern is 600 lines at the amplifier output. The width

Card 1/1 2

Restoration of blanking and ...

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of the line and frame blanking pulses can be regulated within 10% limits. The leading edges of line and frame pulses and of the sync mixture corresponds to the FOCT 7845-59 (GOST 7845-59) standard. The supply is from a stabilized 150 and 250 V d-c source. A trial operation of this pulseshaping amplifier showed that it could eliminate considerable distortions of the blanking and synchronizing pulses without impairing the TV-image quality. Such a device is necessary in a video recording unit and it can also be successfully employed in the final receiving points of long-distance TV cable and radio-relay lines. There are 6 figures and 2 references: 1 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc. The reference to the English-language publication reads as follows: R.M. Dolbly, The Video Processing Amplifier in the Ampex Videotape Recorder, SMPTE, 1958, 67, No. 11, 726-729.

ASSOCIATION: Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Ministerstva svyazi SSSR (State Scientific Research Institute of the Ministry of Communications of the USSR)

Card 2/4

14(7)

SOV/92-59-2-21/40

AUTHOR:

Voronetskiy, M.K., Senior Engineer

TITLE:

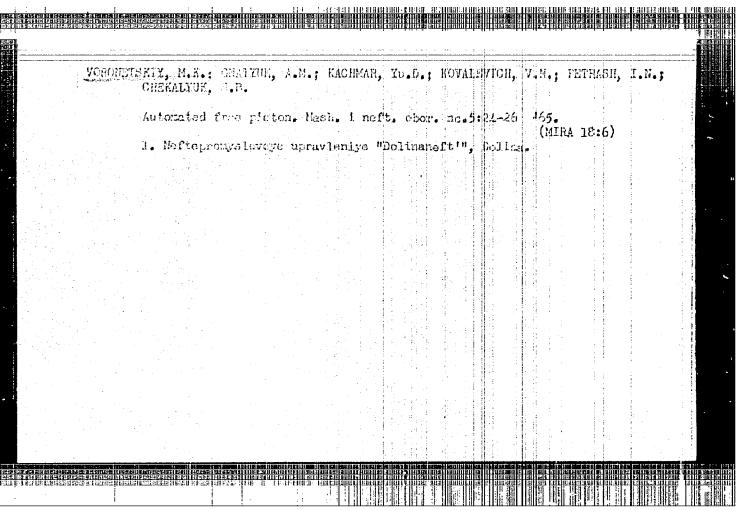
Ultrasonics Clean Oil Wells of Paraffin Deposits (Ul'trazvuk

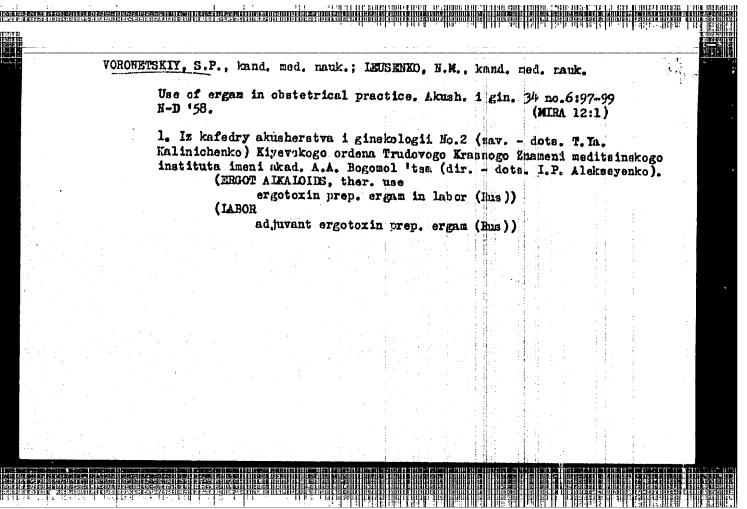
ochishchayet slavazhiny ot parafina)

PERIODICAL: Neftyanik, 1959, Nr 2, p 22 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The author refers to the article published in Neftyanik, 1957, Nr 12 on a new method of minimizing paraffin deposition in the production pipe strings of an oil well. He states that the ultrasonic method, described in the article, has been successfully applied in the No.7 oilfield of the Nadvornaneft' Administration, where an ultrasonic generator helped to keep oil well pipes clean. Instead of flushing the production pipe string with steam every third day, it was found possible to flush it once in 10 days thanks to the installation of a supersonic generator. At first the generator was tried out at the wellhead, but later it was sunk to the bottom-hole of a well 800 m deep. As a result the oil well operated for 9 days without being swabbed , and, when the shaft was inspected on the tenth day, it was found clean. At the next inspection, after five days, it was found that the walls of production pipes were coated with paraffin wax. Nevertheless, the advantage of using a supersonic generator for the purpose of keeping pipes clean is evident.

ASSOCIATION: Neftepromysel Stanislavskoy oblast (Oilfield of the Stanislav Region) Card 1/1





LEUSENKO, N.M., kand.med.nauk; VORONKTSKIY, S.P. [Voronets'kyi, S.P.], kand.med.nauk

Lemon as a contraceptive. Ped., akush. i gin. 20 no.1:59-50 '58.

(MIRA 13:1)

1. Kafedra akusherstva i ginekologii No.2 (zav. - dots. T.Ya. Kalini-chenko) Kiyevskogo ordena Trudovqeo Krasnogo Znaueni mediisinskogo instituta im. akud. A.A. Bogomol taa (direktor - dots. I.P. Alekseyenko).

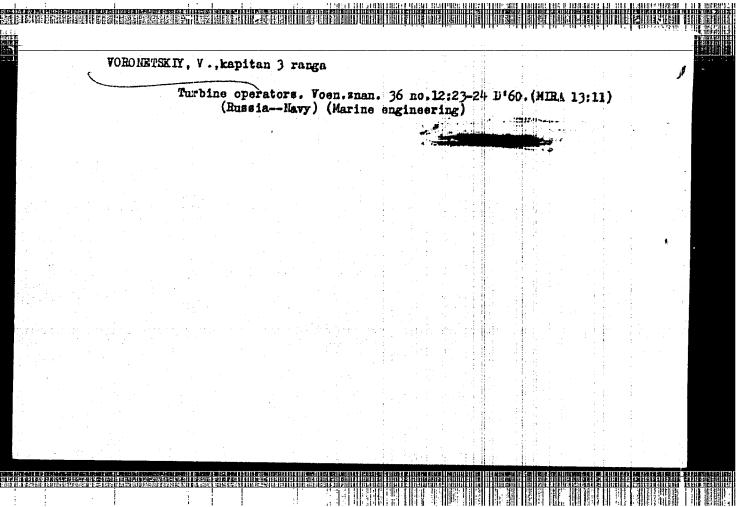
(CONCEPTION--PREVENTION)

(CONCEPTION--PREVENTION)

VORONETSKIY, S. P.

Voronetskiy, S. P. - "Acute yellow atrophy of the liver in pregnancy," Vracheb. delo, 1949, No. 2, columns 167-68

SO: U-3566, 15 March 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 14, 1949).

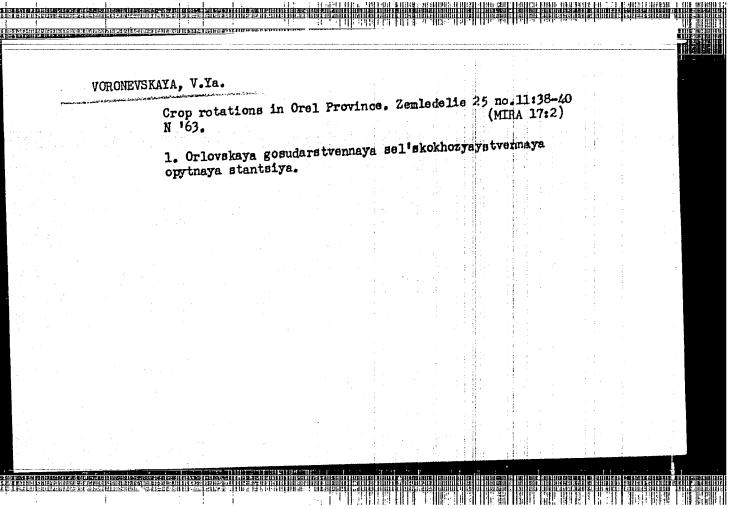


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VORONEVICH, B.M.; KUBAREV, A.T.; NACHVAY, V.F.

Ultrasonic testing of 30KhGSNA steel over a pickled surface.
Defektoskopiia no.5:84 '65. (MTRA 19:1)

1. Zlatoustovskiy metallurgicheskiy zavod i Chelyabinskiy
politekhnicheskiy institut.



S/032/62/028/005/002/009 B117/B101

18.1744

Voronezhskaya, I. A., Mladentsevs, O. I., Aksenova, A. V., and Gradoboyeva, R. A.

TITLE:

Spectroscopic analysis of the magnesium alloy Mil-11 (EL-11)

PERIODICAL:

Zavodskaya laboratoriya, v. 28, no. 5, 1962, 557-558

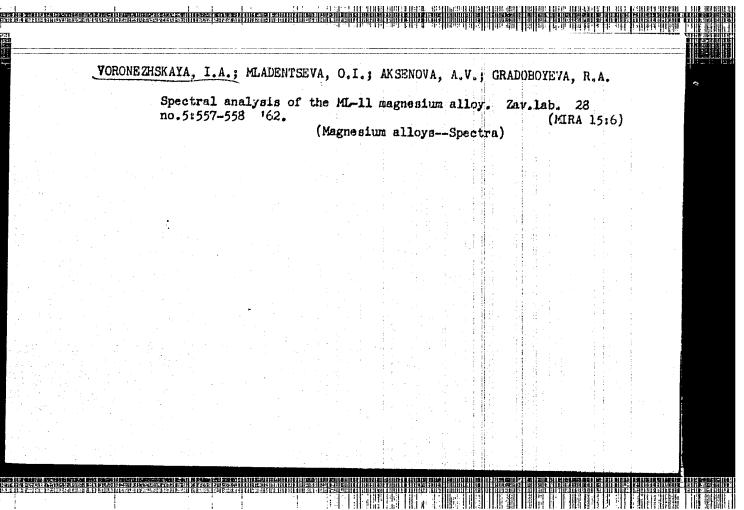
TEXT: The rare earths (Ce, Nd, Pr, La) as well as Zn and Zr contained in the new heat-resistant magnesium alloy M/I-11 (ML-11) were determined by spectrochemical analysis. This method, which is similar to that described by Sh. G. Melamed, S. M. Polyakov, M. G. Zemkova (Zavodskaya described by Sh. G. Melamed, S. M. Polyakov, M. G. Zemkova (Zavodskaya described by Sh. G. Melamed, S. M. Polyakov, M. G. Zemkova (Zavodskaya described by Sh. G. Melamed, S. M. Polyakov, M. G. Zemkova (Zavodskaya described by Sh. G. Melamed, S. M. Polyakov, M. G. Zemkova (Zavodskaya described by Sh. G. Melamed, S. M. Polyakov, M. G. Zemkova (Zavodskaya described by Sh. G. Melamed, S. M. Polyakov, M. G. Zemkova (Zavodskaya described by Sh. G. Melamed, S. M. Polyakov, M. G. Zemkova (Zavodskaya described by Sh. G. Melamed, S. M. Polyakov, M. G. Zemkova (Zavodskaya described by Sh. G. Melamed, S. M. Polyakov, M. G. Zemkova (Zavodskaya described by Sh. G. Melamed, S. M. Polyakov, M. G. Zemkova (Zavodskaya described by Sh. G. Zemkova (Zavodskaya described by S

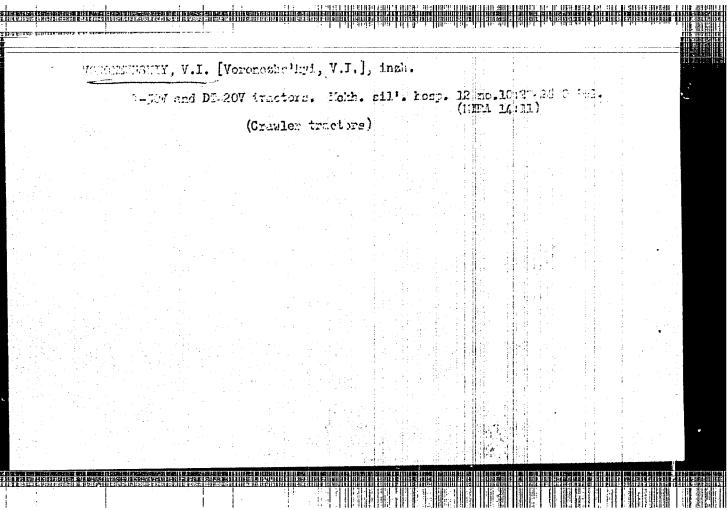
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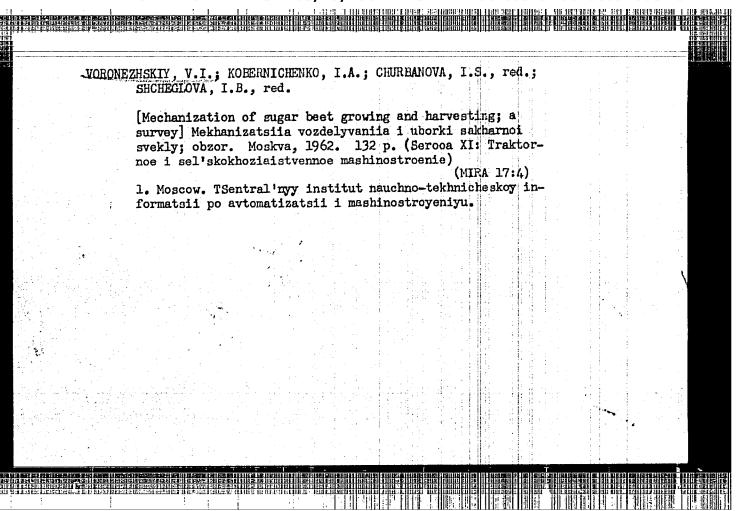
Spectroscopic analysis of the ... S/032/62/028/005/002/009

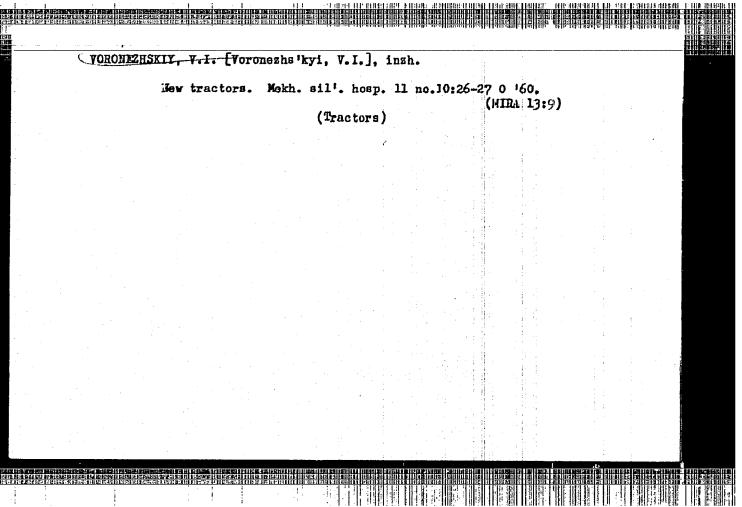
a A4(-13 (DFS-13) high-dispersion apparatus (slit width, 15 \mu) for Nd and relative error of the analysis was \pm 3-5\%. The photographic method may facilitate the adoption of spectroscopic analysis by industry.

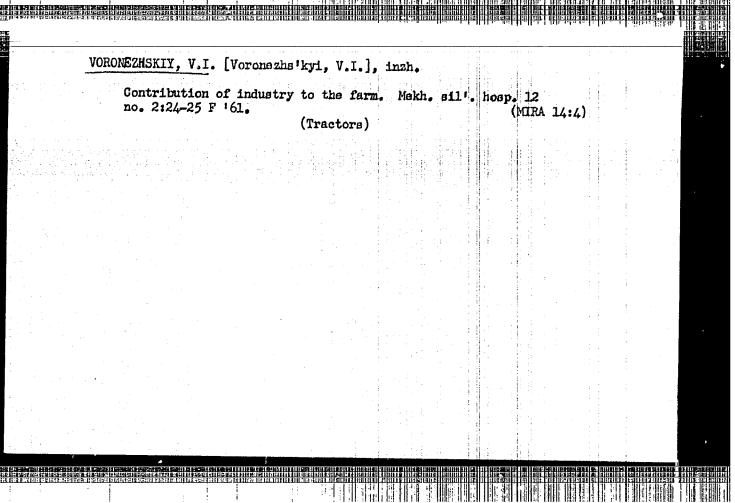
Card 2/2











BONDARENKO, M.G. [Bondarenko, M.H.]; VORONEZHSKII VI [Voronezha'kyi, V.I.]; KITAYTSEVA, Z.P.; KOVAL', M.M.; KOLODA, V.D.; KORSAKOV, O.O.; KREMINSKAYA, Ya.D. [Kremins'ka, M.D.]; KYKYA, H.M. [Kukta, H.M.], inzh.-mekhan.; PIVOVAR, S.G. [Fivovar, S.H.]; SOLOVEY, V.I.; OLEFI-RENKO, G.A. [Olefirenko, H.A.], red.; GULKUKO, O.I. [Hulenko, O.I.], tekhn.red.

[New agricultural machines] Novi sil's'kohospodars'ki mashyni.

Kyiv, Derzh.vyd-vo sil's'kohospodars'koi lit-ry URSE, 1959. 231 p.

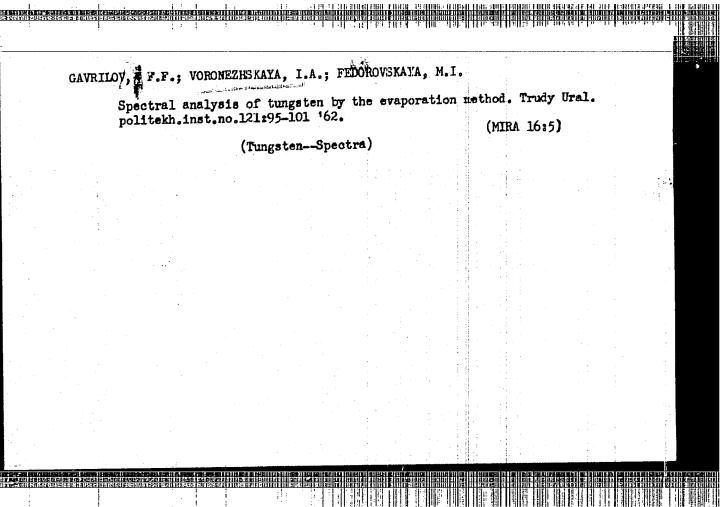
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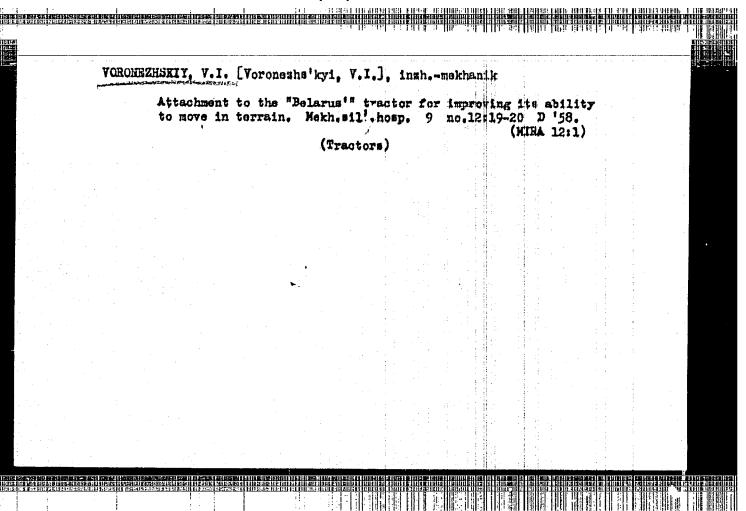
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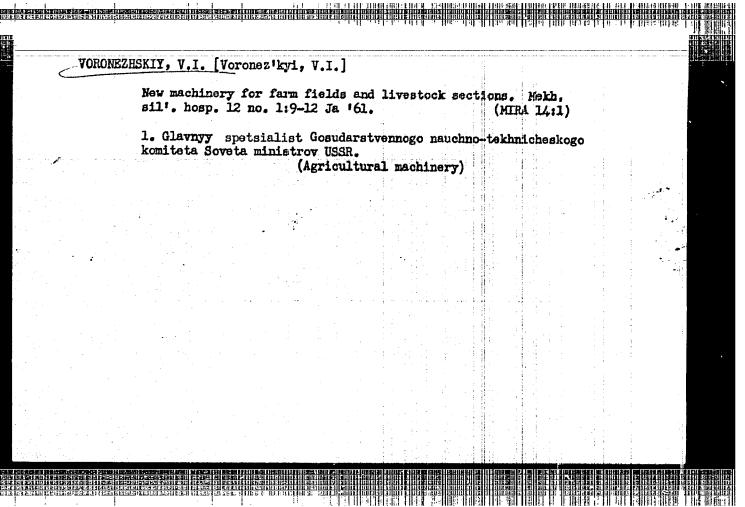
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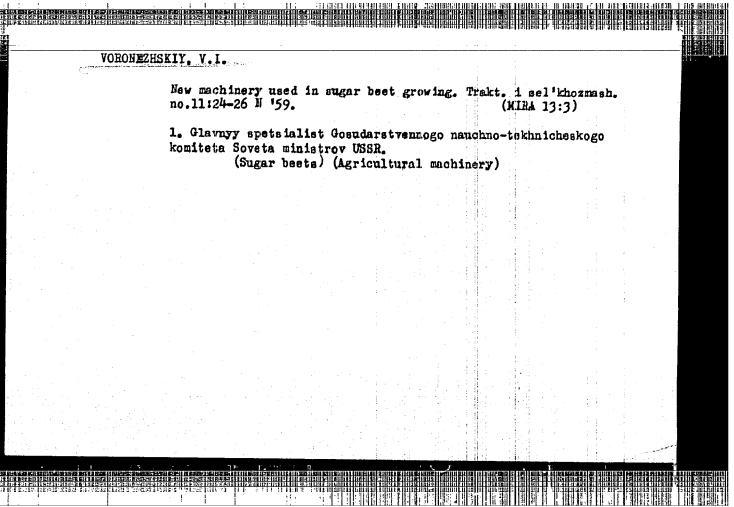
VORONETSKIY, V.V., kand. tekhn. nauk; ZHERVE, G.K., inzh. New standard: Electric machines; general technical requirements. Vest. elektroprom. 27 no.8:67-71 Ag 156. (MIRA 10: (MIRA 10:9) 1. Nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut Ministerstva elektrotekhni-cheskoy promyshlennosti (Voronetskiy). 2. Zaved "Ministerskia" imenti S.M. Kirova (for Zherve). (Electric machinery)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 03/20/2001







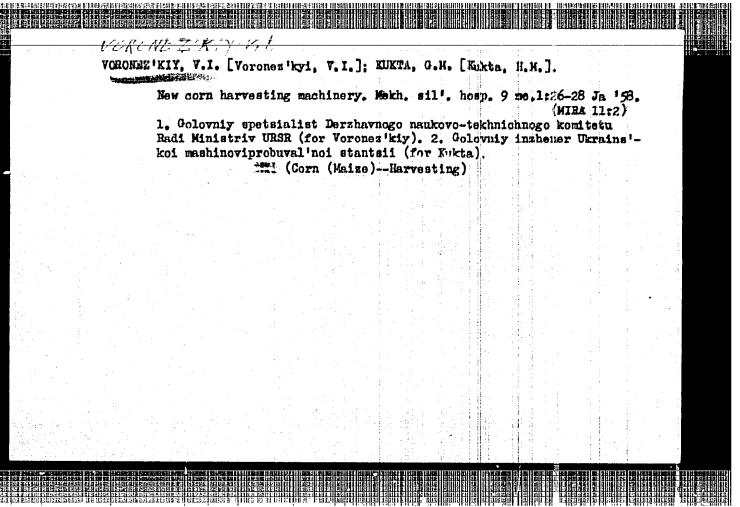


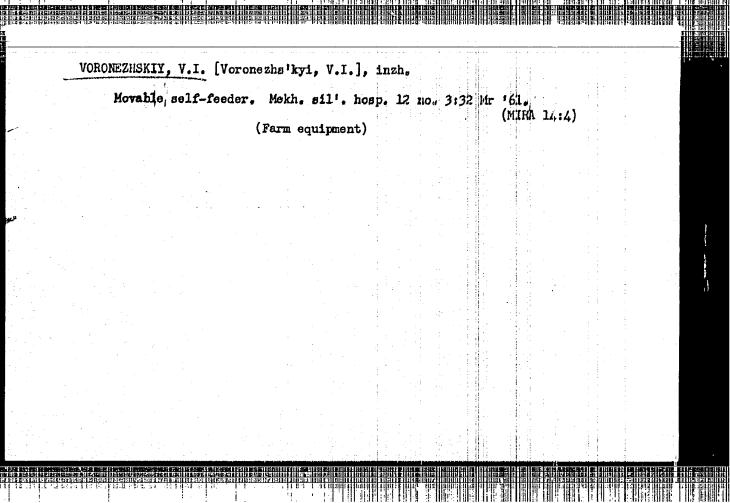
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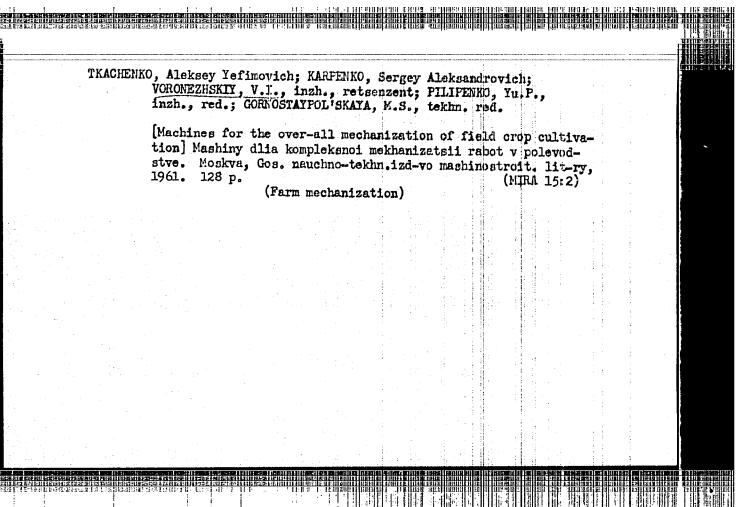
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1. Glavnyy spatsialist Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-tekhnicheskogo komiteta pri Sovete Ministrov USSR.

(Agricultural machinery)







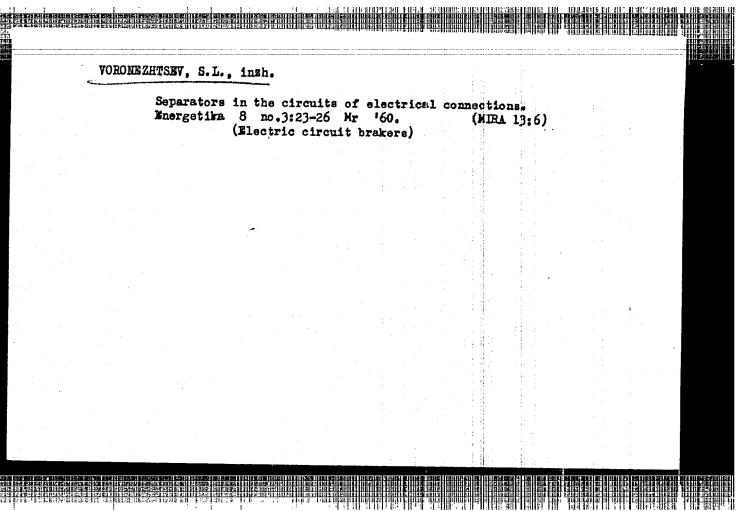
RYAGUZOV, Aleksandr Nikolayevich; RYABKO, Khariton Grigor'yevich; VGROWNIAN Inzhener, retsenzent; SOROKA, M.S., redsktor; RUDENSIY.

Ya.V., tekhnicheskiy redsktor

[Electric arc b...stellization of bearings] Elektrodugovais bimetallizatsia podehipnikov. Kiev, Gos.nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo meshinostroit. lit-ry, 1957. 98 p.

(MLRA 10:10)

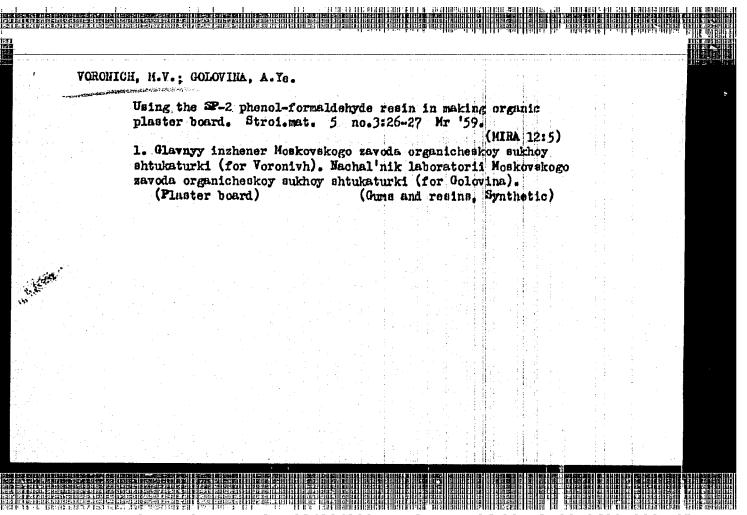
(Bearings (Machinery)) (Metal spreying)

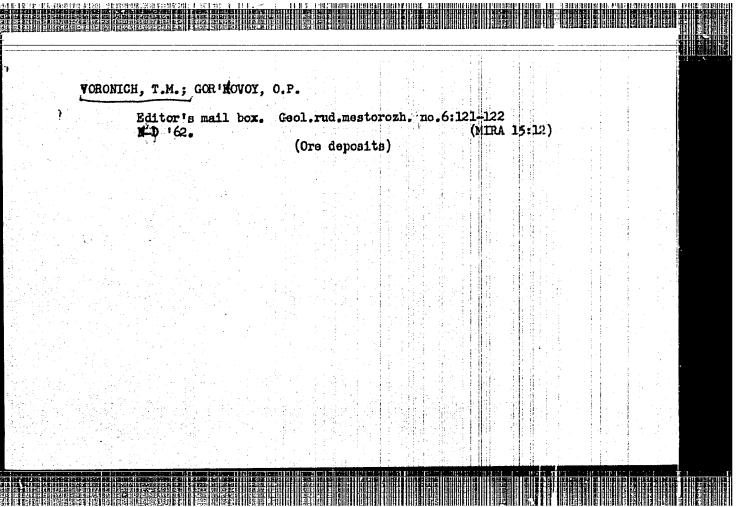


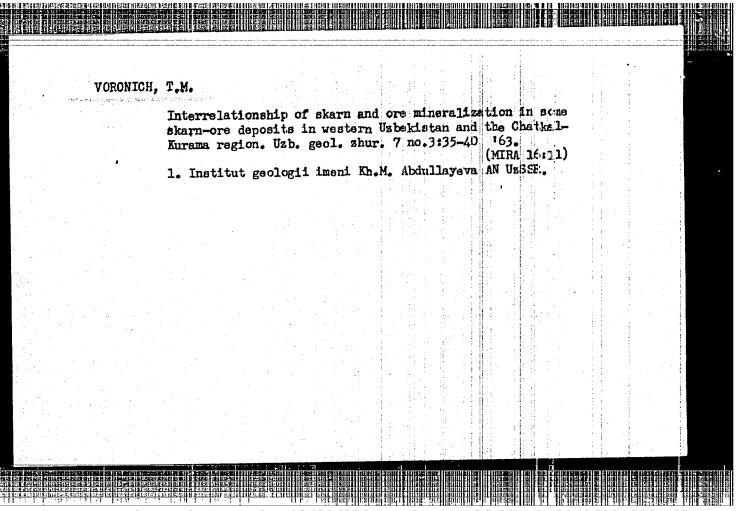
VORONEZHTSEV, V. A.

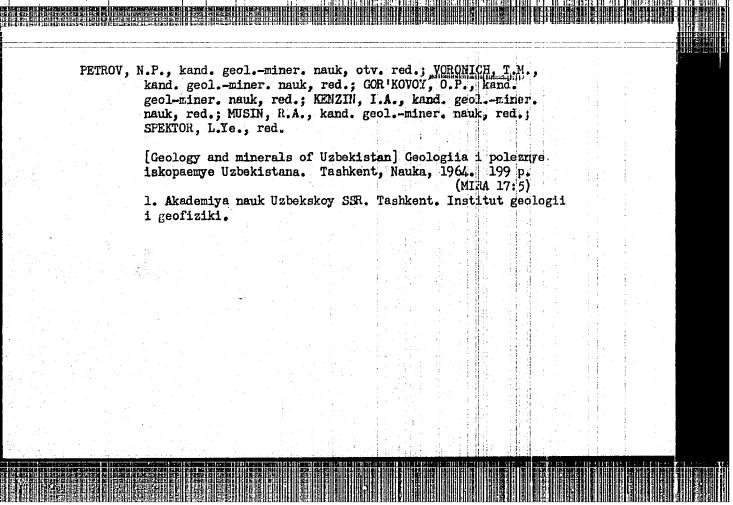
"Effect of Qualitatively Different Feed on the Development and Course of the Infection of Horses Suffering From Strangles." Cand Vet Sci, All-Union Experimental Veterinary Inst, Moscow, 1951. (RZhBiol, No 5, Mar 55)

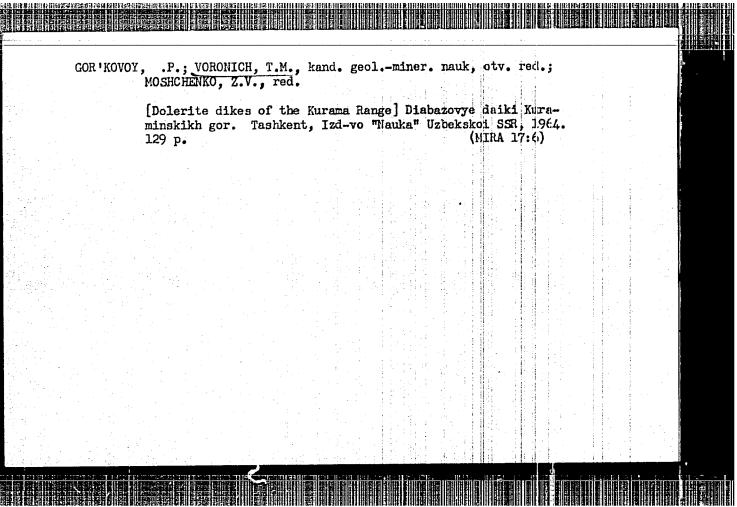
SO: Sum. No. 670, 29 Sep 55—Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (15)

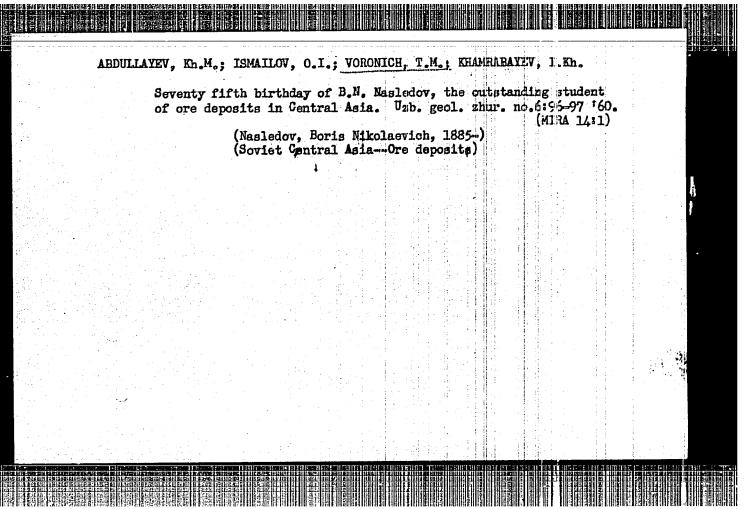












BOBOV, V.; YANOVICH, R. (Leningrad); VAYNSHTEYN, L. (Khar'kov);
KHUSAINOVA, Kh.; KOCHUROV, V.; SHTRREVERYA, G., gornyy inehenerekonomist; LYUBCHIRSKIY, A.; MALENKOV, V., normirovshehik
(g. Noril'sk); VORONICH, V., normirovchik; POPOV, V.

From the editor's mail. Sots. trud 8 no.5:127-130 My '63.
(MIRA 16:6)

1. Fredsedatel' byuro ekonomicheskogo analiza Dubhanbinhkogo
myasokonservnogo kombinata (for Khusainova). 2. Vladimirskiy
savod "Artopribor" (for Kochurov). 3. Shakhta No. 39, Bonetskiy
Bässyn (for Shtereverya). 4. Nachal'nik otdela Tšelinnoy
krayevoy planovoy komissii (for Lyubcmirskiy). 5. Zamestitel'
machal'nika Bereanikovskoy gorodskoy kontory svyasi (for Fopdv).
(Industrial management)
(Wage payment systems)

MATSOKINA-VORONICH, T.M., kand. geol.-miner. nauk, otv. red.;

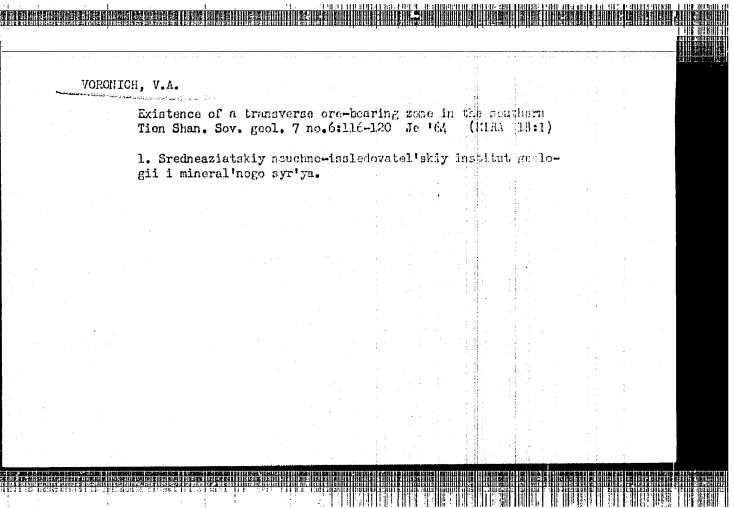
VOHONICH. V.A., kand. geol.-miner. nauk, red.; KNAUF, V.I.,

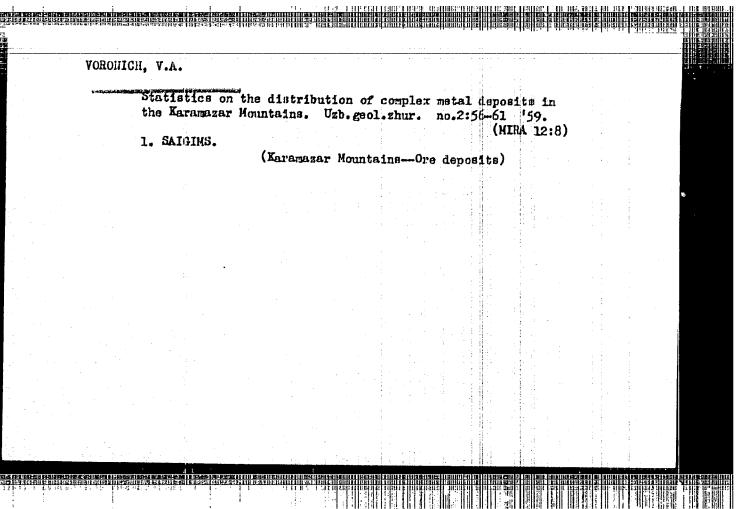
kand. geol.-miner. nauk, red.; FELORCHUK, V.P., doktor

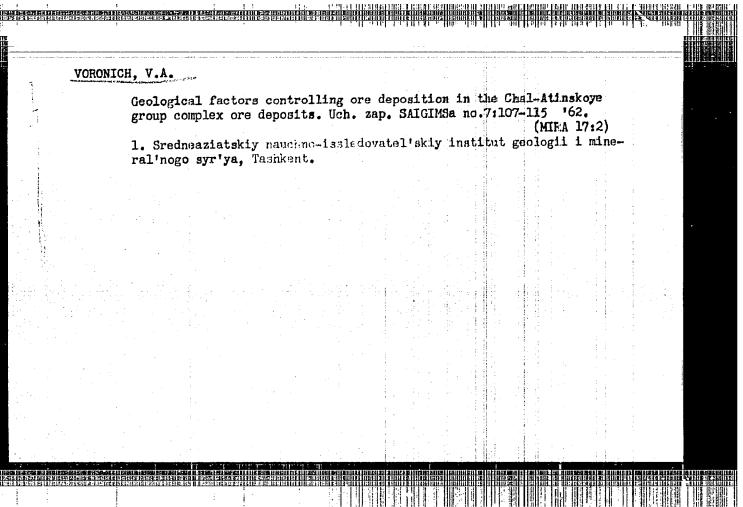
geol.-miner. nauk, red.; KALABINA, M.G., red.; NURATDHOVA,
M.R., red.

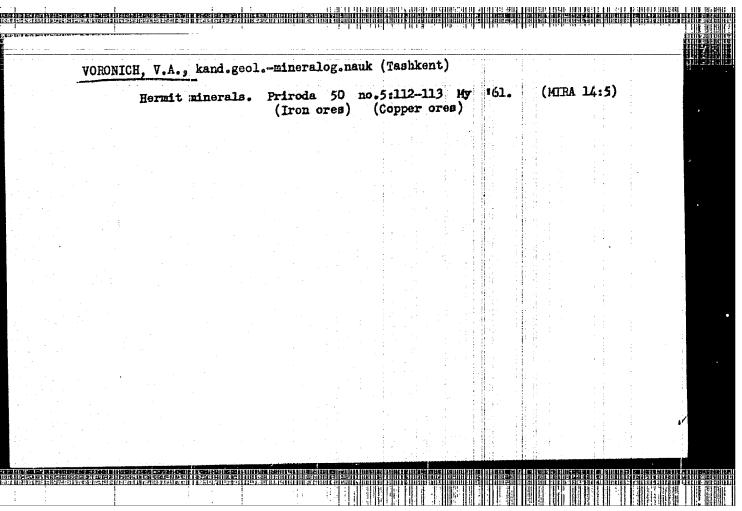
[Problems of the methods of plotting the metallogenetic and prognostic maps of Central Asia; materials] Voprdsy metodiki sostavleniia metallogenicheskikh i prognoznykh kart Srednei Azii; materialy. Tashkent, Nauka, 1964. 274 p. (MIRA 18:6)

l. Sredneaziatskoye soveshchaniye po metodike sostavleniya metallogenicheskikh i prognoznykh kart. lst, 1962. 2. Institut geologii i geofiziki im. Kh.M.Abdullayeva AN Uzbekskoy SSR (for Matsokina-Voronich). 3. Glavnoye upravleniye geologii i okhrany nedr pri Sovete Ministrov Uzbekskoy SSR (for Kalabina).

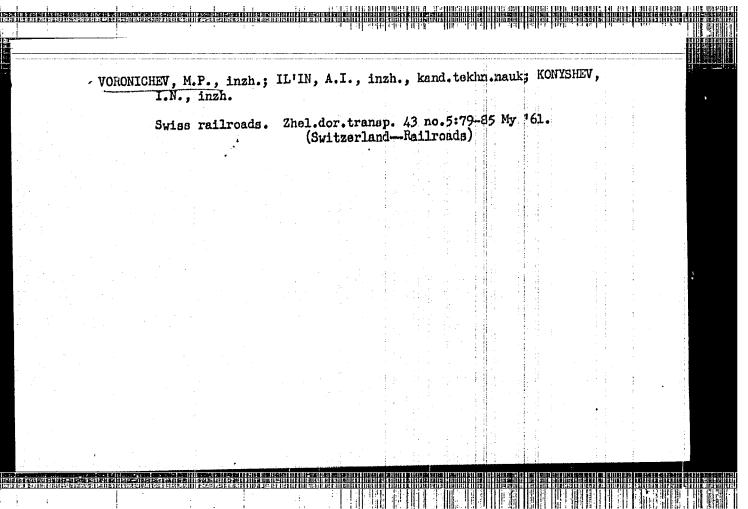


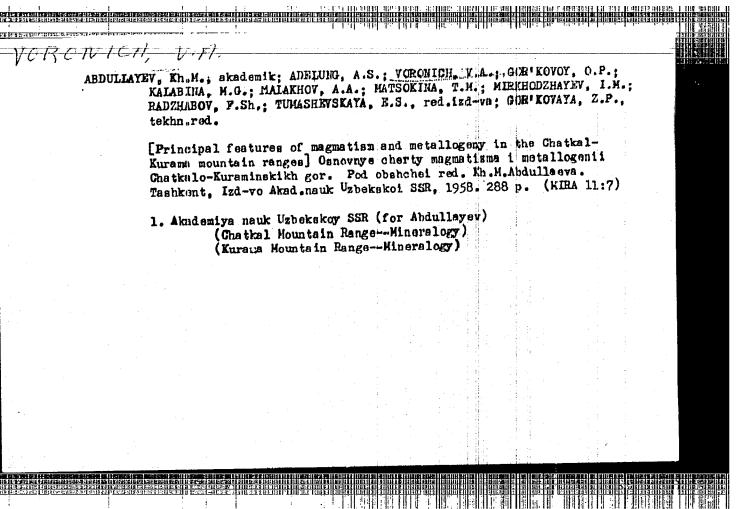


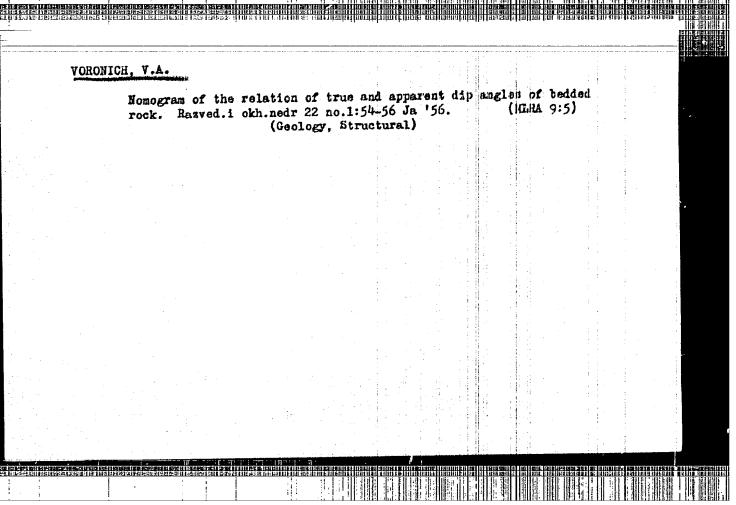


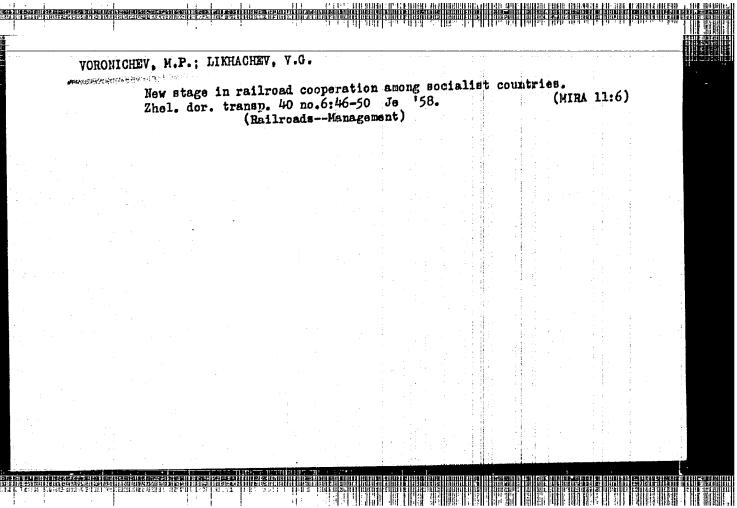


Conference on the methods of compiling metallogenic and prognostic maps.  Uzb.geol.zhur. 7 no.1:47-48 *163. (MIRA 16:4)  1. Institut geologii AN UzSSR. (Geology—Maps)		MATSOKI	NA,	T.M.; VOROI	VICH, V.	A										
l. Institut geologii AN UzSSR. (Geology—Maps)		•	Con Usb	ference on geol.zhur.	the meth. 7 no.1	nods :47-	of comp 48 163.	iling	me ta	11oge	nic	and	Lrogno (MIRA	stic 16 <sup>5</sup> 4)	maps.	
			1.	Institut e	geologii	AN (	UzSSR. Geology-	-Maps	)	: :		- 1				
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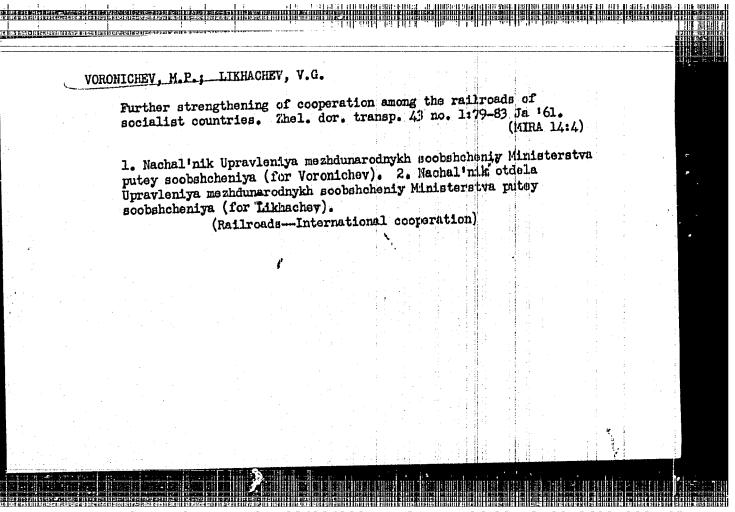


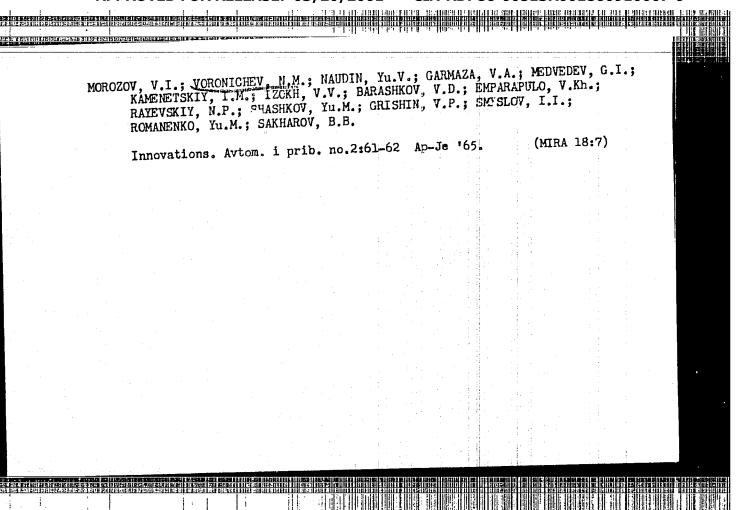




AKIMOV, N.I.; VOLKOV, S.P.; KONOVALOVA, N.A.; OSINOVSKAYA, R.I.; PLISKO, Yu.Yu.; SEVEROV, M.N.; STEPANOV, L.A.; SHCHUKIN, V.Ya.; VORONI—CHEV, M.P., red.; TSIARENKO, A.P., red.; VERIMA, G.P., tekhn.red.

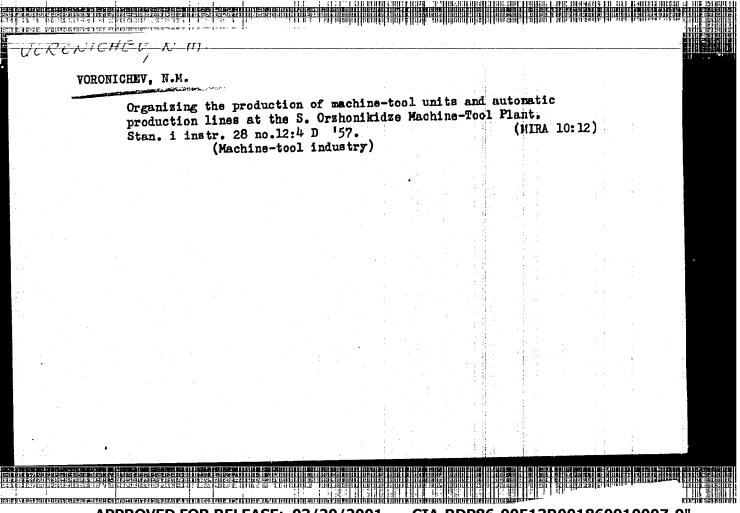
[International railroad transportation] Meshdunarodnye zhelezno-dorozhnye soebshcheniia. Pod red. M.P. Voronicheva. Moskva. Gos. transp.zhel-dor.izd-vo. 1959. 242 p. (MIRA 13:2) (Railroads)



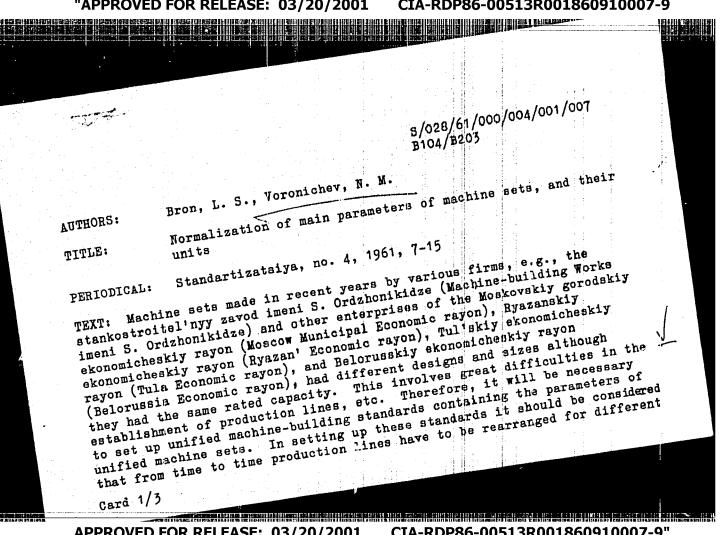


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USSR/Engine	erin	g - Machine Tools
Card	8	
Authors		Voronichev, N. H. and Bron, L. S.
Title	8_	The automatization of production of components with complicated profiles.
Periodical	8	Stan. 1 Instr., Ed. 6, 7 - 14, dune 54
Abstract	8	The Bureau of Design of the Ministry of Machine Tool and Instrument Industry, together with the "Stankokonstruktsya" factory lave designed
		two types of duplicate-milling machines, (single- and double coordinate) which permit fully-mechanized milling of components with complicated profiles. Description of machines. Illustrations drawings; diagrams; graphs; tables.
Institution	•	
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	ing - Machine tools
물문학자 가능물로 가지 내가 하다는	2/1 2/1 2 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Authors :	Voronichev, N. M., and Zakharov, V. A.
Title	: Automatic revolving tables
Periodical	Stan. 1 Instr., Ed. 7, 5 - 9, July 1954
Abstract	General information is given on automatic revolving tables used on vertical boring mills and turning lathes. The pain purpose of this vertical boring mills and turning lathes. The pain purpose of this exticle is, to familiarize the reader with the operation, function, article is, to familiarize the reader with the operation, function,
	article is, to familiarize the realization of an article is, to familiarize the realization of revolving tables. Drawings, showing revolving and structure of revolving tables with hydraulic and machinical drives.
Institution	
Submitted	



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Normalization of main parameters of ...

products. This asks for a reasonable establishment of junction measures for all parts. Also dimension and load series will have to be set up. In the first part of the present paper, the authors discuss typification and dimension series for power units. After detailed deliberations they find that the range of power transmission for power units of medium and large dimensions should lie within 1000 - 10000 kg - force. Two variants are considered for subdividing this range, one with five sizes (variant I) and one with six sizes (variant II). Table 1 gives the first variant of main characteristics for power units. The intermediate values of transmission forces were determined to the six sizes (variant II). mission forces were determined from the series R20/6 ( $\varphi_1 = 1.73$ ); thus, it was necessary to establish the dimensions of power units according to the series 42 = 171. In variant II, the transmission forces were determined from the series R20/4 ( $\varphi = 1.56$ ), the dimensions from the series R10 (y = 1.25). Subsequently, the authors thoroughly deal with the assembly of machine sets from normalized units. Some examples illustrate the assembly of machines from normalized automatic working units, from nonautomatic working units, and from worktables. The authors discuss the proper dimensions of clamping plates and bolts permitting the inter-

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Normalization of main parameters of.	S/028/ B104/E	61/0 203	00/	004/	<b>/</b> 001,	/007			
changeability of units. They conside suitable building heights, as well as of machining.	er the stability s sets with high Ocnomme xapan	den	and	s fc	rac	cura			
Table 1: Main characteristics of	1) Габарит силового узла	2	3.	4	5	6			
the power unit. Legend: 1) Size of the power unit; 2) power	2) уснана подачи, игс	1001)	1800	<b>8</b> (300	5000	10000		:	
transmission, kg-force; 3) bore diameter through steel, mm; 4) rated power of the electric motor, kw; 5) operation length.	3) Условный диаметр свер- дения по стван в мм (толь- ко для силовых головок)	25	40	63	100	160			
in, y, epotation longum.	Ч) Номинальная мощность влектродинателя в каж (тплько для снапами головом)	2,2 (3)	4 (5,5)	. 7.5 (10)	13 (17)	22 (20)			
	3) Данна рабочего кода,	400	400	600	600	600			
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